



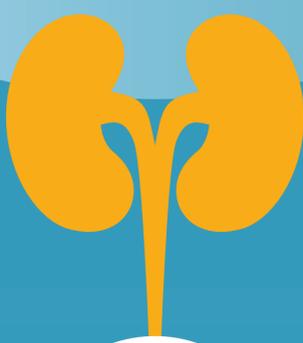
CHECK IN TIME,  
PROTECT IN TIME

# CKD

Chronic Kidney Disease



**Progresses silently**  
– often without symptoms until the disease is advanced<sup>1,2</sup>



**Elevated risk of dying**  
from cardiovascular causes from the earliest stages of CKD<sup>4</sup>



**An independent risk factor**  
for cardiovascular disease<sup>3,4</sup>



**2 in 5 people**  
with type 2 diabetes (T2D)  
will develop CKD<sup>2,5</sup>

## CKD + T2D



**Main cause of kidney failure**  
requiring dialysis or transplant<sup>6,7</sup>



**>190 million**  
people affected worldwide<sup>2,8</sup>



**Lifespan shortened**  
by up to 16 years compared with the general population<sup>9</sup>



**Early CKD diagnosis** offers the chance for **early intervention** to protect hearts and kidneys<sup>3</sup>

Learn more at [www.CHECK-kidneys.com](http://www.CHECK-kidneys.com)



**CHECK**

Collaborate for  
Healthy Kidneys



Date last revised: 28-09-2023 | PP-M\_FIN-BE-0006-1

**Abbreviations:** CKD=chronic kidney disease; T2D=type 2 diabetes.

**References:** **1.** Szczech LA, et al. *PLoS One*. 2014;9:e110535. **2.** Skolnik NS & Style AJ. *Diabetes Ther*. 2021;12:1613–1630. **3.** Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes (KDIGO) CKD Work Group. *Kidney Int Suppl*. 2013;3:1–150. **4.** Rossing P & Epstein M. *Am J Med*. 2022;135:576–580. **5.** Wu B, et al. *BMJ Open Diabetes Res Care*. 2016;4:e000154. **6.** Doshi SM, et al. *Clin J Am Soc Nephrol*. 2017;12:1366–1373. **7.** American Diabetes Association Professional Practice Committee. *Diabetes Care*. 2022;45(suppl 1):S175–S184. **8.** International Diabetes Federation. 2021. 10th Edition. <https://diabetesatlas.org> [accessed 2 Aug 2022]. **9.** Wen CP, et al. *Kidney Int*. 2017;92:388–396.